2019

BOTANY

(Major)

Paper: 4.2

(Plant Taxonomy)

Full Marks: 60

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. Answer the following:

 $1 \times 7 = 7$

- (a) Which system of plant classification is followed in Indian herbaria?
- (b) In which year was the Origin of Species written?
- (c) What is pseudostem?
- (d) Who first used the term 'taxon'?
- (e) Where was 19th IBC (ICBN) held?
- (f) What is meant by laminar stamen?
- (g) What is ICNCP?

2. Answer the following:

 $2 \times 4 = 8$

- (a) What is the significance of pappus?
- (b) Write the principle of APG system.
- (c) What is phenetic relationship?
- (d) Differentiate between holotype and lectotype.
- 3. Answer any three of the following: 5×3=15
 - (a) Explain the role of alkaloids and steroids in taxonomy.
 - (b) Discuss the economic importance of Poaceae.
 - (c) Write a note on nomina conservanda.
 - (d) Describe the floral peculiarities in the family Apiaceae.
 - (e) "A unique type of insect pollination is seen in a member of Liliaceae." Discuss.
- 4. Answer any three of the following: 10×3=30
 - (a) What is natural system of classification?

 Give the detailed outline of Bentham and Hooker system of classification.

 How many natural orders were present in this classification?

 2+7+1=10

(b) What is taximetrics? Give a brief account on the principles of numerical taxonomy. Why is numerical taxonomy useful in taxonomic classification?

2+6+2=10

- (c) Mention the salient features of any two
 of the following families with their
 systematic position: 5×2=10
 Lamiaceae, Cucurbitaceae, Musaceae,
 Euphorbiaceae
- (d) Write explanatory notes on: 5+5=10
 (i) Species concept
 (ii) Role of priority and its limitation
- (e) Describe briefly the characteristics of the earliest angiosperms as per your syllabus. Mention its phylogeny and affinities.
- (f) Why is the family Orchidaceae regarded as advanced among monocots? Define pollinium and rostellum. 8+2=10

